

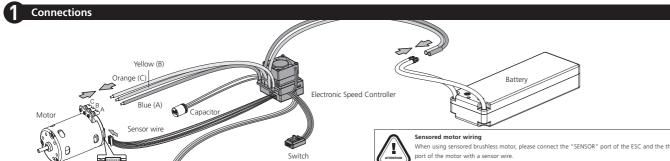


Congratulations and thanks for purchasing the QUICRUN series electronic speed controller (ESC). The power system for RC model can be very dangerous, so please read this manual carefully. Since we have no control over the installation, application, use or maintenance of this product, in no case shall we be liable for any damages,

# 01 Features

- High performance but low price, users can own this reliable race-ready ESC at an affordable cost.
- Compact size, suitable for various car chassis
- Auto identification system can recognize sensored / sensorless brushless motors automatically.
- Core competition program for excellent control feel & multiple programmable items. . 8 steps of timing adjustment greatly increase the output power of the motor, and unlock its maximum
- potential. • Proportional brake with 4 steps of Maximum Brake Force adjustment, 8 steps of Drag Brake Force
- adjustment and 4 steps of Initial Brake Force adjustment • 9 steps of acceleration (punch) adjustment, from "soft" to "very aggressive" to fit for different kinds of
- cars, tires and tracks.
- . Multiple protections: Low voltage cut-off protection for Lipo or NiMH battery / Over-heat protection / Throttle signal loss protection / Motor Lock-up protection
- One-button (the "SET" button on the ESC) to set the ESC, and easy to reset all parameters to the factory
- Compatible with the optional device the portable Digital LED Program Card, especially convenient for

# **02** Begin to Use a New Brushless ESC



When using sensored brushless motor, please connect the "SENSOR" port of the ESC and the the "SENSOR"

sensored brushless motor, the #A, #B, #C wires of the ESC MUST be connected with the motor wire #A, #B, C respectively. Do not change the wires sequence optionally! (#A is Blue, #B is Yellow, #C is Orange.)

#### Sensorless motor wiring

s motor, the #A, #B, #C wires of the ESC can be connected with the motor w ely (without any order). If the motor runs in the opposite direction, please swap any two wire connections Please disconnect the battery from the ESC after running the car!

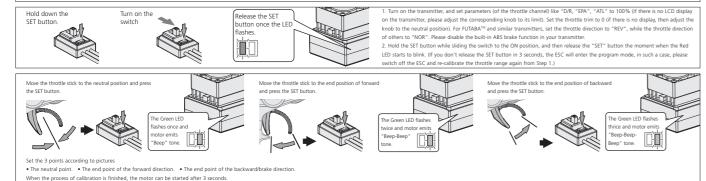
Model		QUICRUN 10BL60 SENSORED	QUICRUN 10BL120 SENSORED	
Cont. / Peak Current		60A / 380A	120A / 760A	
Motor Type Supported		Sensored / Sensorless Brushless Motor	Sensored / Sensorless Brushless Motor	
Car Applicable		1/10th Touring Car/Buggy/F1/Drift Car & 1/12th On-road	1/10th Touring Car/Buggy/F1/Drift Car, and etc.	
Motor Limit (Note)	4-6 cells NiMH / 2S LiPo	≥8.5T (1/10 On-road), ≥13.5T (1/10 Off-road)	≥3.5T (1/10 On-road), ≥4.5T (1/10 Off-road)	
	8-9 cells NiMH / 3S LiPo	≥13.5T (1/10 On-road), ≥17.5T (1/10 Off-road)	≥8.5T (1/10 On-road), ≥10.5T (1/10 Off-road)	
Battery		4-9 cells NiMH, 2-3S LiPo	4-9 cells NiMH, 2-3S LiPo	
BEC Output		6V@2A, Linear Mode	6V@3A, Linear Mode	
Cooling Fan		6V (The cooling fan gets its power supply from the built-in BEC)	Powered by the battery	
Dimensions / Weight		33 x 28 x 31.5mm (w/ Fan) / 59g (w/ Wires, w/o Fan)	43 x 36 x 33mm (w/ Fan) / 105g (w/ Wires & Fan)	

Note: "T" indicates the limit value of motor turns when the ESC timing is set to 0 degree. The larger the timing, the more turns the motor needs. Please pay close attention to temperatures of the motor and the ESC to avoid any damage to these two equipments.

### 2 Set the Throttle Range



In order to make sure the ESC fits the throttle range of your transmitter, you must calibrate it when begin to use a new ESC, or a used transmitter if some of its settings have been changed, like the Throttle Trim, D/R, EPA or other parameters. Otherwise, the ESC cannot work properly. Besides, we strongly recommend users to enable the "failsafe" function of the transmitter, set the "F/S" of the throttle channel to the Shutdown mode or set the protection value to the neutral position, so the car can be stopped if the receiver fails to get the radio signals from the transmitter. Please calibrate the throttle range according to the following steps.



### Check the LED Status in Normal Running

- a) When the throttle stick is in the neutral range, neither the Red LED nor the Green LED lights up.
- b) When the car moves forward, the Red LED solidly lights; the Green LED also lights up when the throttle stick is at the top position (100% throttle)
- c) When the car brakes, the Red LED solidly lights; the Green LED also lights up when the throttle stick is at the end position and the maximum brake force is set to 100%.
- d) When the car reverses, the Red LED solidly lights; the Green LED also lights up when the throttle stick is at the end position and the maximum reverse force is set to 100%.

# **03** Program the ESC

## Set the ESC by the SET button Press the SET key to choose the programmable value, the RED LED flashes for several times, the times presents the serial number of the programmable item, the red LED flashes for several times, the times presents the current value you are choosing. value of this item. reen LFD flashes Green LED flashes Hold SET key for 3 second

- In the ESC setting process, the motor will emit "Beep" tone at the same time when the LED is flashing.
- If the "N" is bigger than the number "5", we use a long time flash and long "Beep—" tone to represent "5", so it is easy to identify the items with the big serial number.
- For example, if the LFD flashes as the following:
- "A long time flash + 1 short time flash" (Motor sounds "B—B") = the No. 6 item.
- "A long time flash + 2 short time flash" (Motor sounds "B—BB") = the No. 7 item
- "A long time flash + 3 short time flash" (Motor sounds "B-BBB") = the No. 8 item,

## 2 Set the ESC by Program Card

The Program Card is optional equipment which needs to be purchased separately. It has 3 digital LEDs to display the programmable items' number and the options' number. It is portable and

(For detailed information, please refer to the user manual of the program card).

## **04** Reset All Items to Default Values

At any time when the throttle is located at neutral position (except in the throttle calibration or parameters program process), press and hold the "SET" key for over 3 seconds, the red LED and green LED will blink simultaneously, which means each programmable item has be reset to its default value. It needs to be restarted to complete the whole process.

# 05 Programmable Items

- 1. Running Mode: With "Forward with Brake" mode, the car can go forward and brake, but cannot go backward, this mode is suitable for competition; "Forward / Reverse with Brake" mode has reverse running function, which is suitable for daily training Note: "Forward/Reverse with Brake" mode uses "Double-click" method to make the car go backward. When you move the throttle stick from forward zone to backward zone for the first time (The 1st "click"), the ESC begins to brake the motor, the motor slows down but it is still running, not completely stopped, so the backward action is NOT happened immediately. When the throttle stick is moved to the backward zone again (The 2nd "click"), if the motor speed is slowed down to zero (i.e. stopped), the backward action will happen. The "Double-Click" method can prevent mistakenly reversing action when the brake function is frequently used in steering. By the way, in the process of braking or reversing, if the throttle stick is moved to forward zone, the motor will run forward at once. "Forward/Reverse" mode uses "single-click" method to make the car reverse. When moving the throttle stick from neutral zone to backward zone, the vehicle reverses
- 2. Drag Brake Force: Set the amount of drag brake applied at neutral throttle to simulate the slight braking effect of a brushed motor while coasting.
- 3. Low Voltage Cut-Off: The function mainly prevents the Lipo battery from over discharging. The ESC detects the battery voltage at any time, if the voltage is lower than the threshold for 2 seconds, the output power will be reduced 70%, after 10 seconds the output power will be completely shut off and the red LED flashes in such a way: "\$\phi\_\, \phi\_\, \phi\_\,". Please stop your car at the track side as soon as possible to avoid obstructing other racing cars.

  Note: For NiMH battery, if the voltage of the whole NiMH battery pack is higher than 9.0V, it will be considered as a 2 cells Lipo battery pack; If it is lower than 9.0V, it will be considered as a 2 cells Lipo battery pack. For example, if a NiMH battery
- pack is 8.0V, and the threshold is set to 2.6V/Cell, so it will be considered as a 2 cells Lipo battery pack, and the low-voltage cut-off threshold for this NiMH battery pack is 2.6x2=5.2V.

  4. Start Mode (Also called "Punch" or "Acceleration"): Level 1 has very soft start acceleration, while level 9 has very quick start acceleration. From Level 1 to Level 9, the start force is increasing. If you choose "Level 7" to "Level 9", you should use good quality battery with powerful discharge ability, otherwise you cannot get the burst start effect as you want. If the motor cannot run smoothly (the motor is cogging), sometimes it is caused by the weak discharge ability, please use a better battery
- 5. Maximum Brake Force: The ESC provides proportional brake function. The brake force is related to the position of the throttle stick. Maximum brake force refers to the force when the throttle stick is located at the end point of the backward zone.
- A very large brake force can shorten the brake time, but it may damage the gears.
- 6. Maximum Reverse Force: Sets how much power will be applied in the reverse direction.
  7. Initial Brake Force: It is also called "minimum brake force", which refers to the force when the throttle stick is located at the initial position of the backward zone. The default value is equal to the drag brake force, so the brake action can be very
- 8. Throttle Neutral Range: This setting adjusts the width of the neutral range.
- 9. Timing: This function can be used to fine-tune the output power of the motor, the bigger the timing, the faster the motor runs or the larger output power of the motor. As the Boost Timing technology has been introduced into this ESC, so under the sensored mode, adjust the ESC timing can greatly increase the motor speed. Therefore, please remember to enlarge the gear ratio of the chassis and carefully check temperatures of the motor and the ESC after increasing the timing.

Basic Items	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	Option 4	Option 5	Option 6	Option 7	Option 8	Option 9
1.Running Mode *Note	Fwd/Br	Fwd/Rev/Br	Fwd/Rev						
2.Drag Brake Force	0%	5%	10%	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	
3. Low Voltage Cutoff	Disable	2.6V/Cell	2.8V/Cell	3.0V/Cell	3.2V/Cell	3.4V/Cell			
4. Start Mode (Punch)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	Level 6	Level 7	Level 8	Level 9
Advanced Items									
5. Max.Drag Brake Force	25%	50%	75%	100%					
6. Max. Reversing Force		50%	75%	100%					
7. Initial Brake Force	Equals Drag Brake Force	0%	20%	40%					
8. Throttle Range	6% (Narrow)	9% (Normal)	12%(Wide)						
9. Timing	0.00 deg	3.75 deg	7.50 deg	11.25 deg	15.00 deg	18.75 deg	22.50 deg	26.25 deg	

Recommended Power System				
Motor	KV	Gear Ratio (1/10 on-road)	Gear Ratio (1/10 off-road)	Main Application
QUICRUN 3650SD 6.5T G2	5750	6.4 - 8.4	9.0 - 11.0	1/10th buggy racing
QUICRUN 3650SD 8.5T G2	4560	5.0 - 6.0	7.0 - 8.5	1/10th buggy racing, drift car
QUICRUN 3650SD 10.5T G2	3600	5.0 - 6.5	6.5 - 8.0	1/10th drift car/ Stock racing
QUICRUN 3650SD 13.5T G2	2850	4.0 - 5.5	6.5 - 7.5	1/10th Stock racing
QUICRUN 3650SD 17.5T G2	2170	3.5 - 5.5	5.5 - 7.0	1/10th Stock racing
QUICRUN 3650SD 21.5T G2	1800	3.0 - 5.5	4.0 - 6.0	1/10th Stock racing, F1, rock crawler
QUICRUN 3650SD 25.5T G2	1520			1/10th Stock racing, rock crawler



The reference gear ratios in the above form are based on the 1/10 RC cars with 2S Lipo and 0 timing ESC. If the ESC timing is increased, then the gear ratio needs to be increased rdingly. Besides, please pay attention to the temperature of the ESC and the motor to avoid any damage to the equipments.

## **06** Trouble Shooting

	Possible Causes	Solution(s)
Turn on the switch, no LED lights up, and neither the motor nor fan works.	No battery voltage is input to the ESC. The switch of the ESC is damaged	Check the connections between the battery and the ESC, re-solder the connectors if needed. Change the switch.
After power on, motor doesn't work but emits "beep-beep-, beep-beep-" alert tone. (there's 1-second pause between 2 "beep-beep-").	The voltage of the battery pack is not in the normal range, it's too high or too low.	Check the voltage of the battery pack.
After power on, the Red LED turns solid red but the motor doesn't work.	The throttle signal wire is oppositely inserted or into the incorrect channel.	Plug the signal wire (Rx lead) correctly into the throttle channel (usually Channel #2) of the receiver.
The car runs backwards when accelerating forward on radio.	The wire connections between the ESC and the motor need to be changed. The ESC is not suitable for the chassis.	Swap any two wire connections between the ESC and the motor. (Note: This method is ONLY available for SENSORLESS motor ) Please don't use the ESC for this special chassis.
The car suddenly slows down, then stops about 10 seconds later.	Low voltage cutoff protection (Red LED blinks) Thermal protection (Green LED blinks)	Check the battery voltage. If still has some capacity, lower the cut-off threshold voltage; if not, replace a new battery. Wait several minutes to cool the ESC. Increase the gear ratio or the T number (Turns) of the motor.
The motor stuttering under heavy acceleration.	Low battery discharge rate.  The motor RPM is too high (i.e. the motor runs too fast), and the gear ratio is too small.  The "Punch" setting is too high.	Use a battery pack with better discharge ability. Use a low-speed motor, or increase the gear ratio. Set the acceleration (punch) to the softer mode.
The car slows down and then stopped. The Red and Green LEDs blink rapidly and synchronously when throttle stick in neutral.	ESC detects abnormal signals from the sensor port of the motor and the ESC changes to sensorless driving mode automatically.	Check the sensor wire connection.  The Hall sensors in the motor are damaged, please change the motor.
The motor stutters and can't start up.	The connections between the motor and ESC are not A-A, B-B and C-C; The ESC is damaged	Check wiring & connections. Contact the distributor for sales-after service.